

In the Name of Allah

English

11

Film Book



اپلیکیشن جامع خط سفید
پاسخ تمام نیازهای
زبانی شما

برای دسترسی به محتوای جادویی فیلمبوک، لطفاً اپلیکیشن جامع خط سفید رو

نصب کنید. فقط کافیست موبایلتون رو روی صفحات AR+ بگیرین و از



آموزش هاتون لذت ببرین.

دریافت اپلیکیشن از طریق:



1. <http://khatesefid.com/AR>

۲. دانلود مستقیم

KHATE SEFID

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مقدمه

فقط فیلمبوک یک کتاب نیست.

فیلمبوک چیه؟

فیلمبوک، دستیار معلم و همراه آموزشی دانش آموزاست. این حق شماست که از درس خوندنتون لذت ببرین و خیلی راحت و عالی یاد بگیرین و همه چی براتون جذاب باشه. فیلمبوک این کار رو براتون به خوبی انجام داده.

معلمین و اساتید عزیز:

فیلمبوک مناسب کلاس درس شماست، به ویژه کلاس‌های نیمه حضوری و غیر حضوری. توجه داشته باشین که نقش معلم در روش فیلمبوک، رهبری، راهنمایی و مشاوره دانش آموزان در فرآیند آموزش. توی این روش، فقط کافیه شما معلمین عزیز فعالیت‌ها و روند یادگیری دانش آموزاتون رو نظارت کنین و اون‌ها رو تا یادگیری کامل و موثر همراهی و راهنمایی کنین.

دانش آموزای عزیز؛ فیلمبوک برای شما چی داره؟

Review Tests

همیشه مرور درسهای سالهای قبل برای آمادگی تون برای ورود به درس خیلی موثره!

Get Ready

یه بخش خیلی باحال با آموزش و ویدئوهای جالب، برای اینکه بهتون کمک کنه بدونین درس راجع به چیه! چه جوری؟ ... با معرفی موضوع و محتوای درس، لغات مهم و چند تا تمرین از کتاب! یادتون باشه قبل از درس حتما فیلم این بخش رو تماشا کنین.

Conversation

دوست دارین بجای خوندن مکالمه کتاب، فیلمش رو ببینین؟ فکر کنین...! هم لغتاش، هم فیلم آموزشی کامل مکالمه، اونم با روش درک مطلب. اونم چه فیلمی!!

New words & Experssion

توی لغات و اصطلاحات جدید نه تنها می‌تونین کلمات رو تصویری ببینین، بلکه تلفظ، معنی، مترادف و متضادش رو هم یاد می‌گیرین! تازه یاد می‌گیرین کجا بکار ببریدشون.

Reading

اینجا، متن کتاب درسی رو براتون فیلم مستند کردیم. توی فیلمبوک، کمکتون کردیم که بتونین قدم به قدم با استفاده از تکنیک‌ها و مهارت‌های مخصوص درک مطلب، متن رو بفهمین و به سوالات به راحتی پاسخ بدین.

Grammer

گرامر سخته؟ نه! اینجا دیگه اصلا سخته نیست! گرامری رو که با فیلم و عکس و مثال و کلی اتفاق با حال ببینین، معلومه که دیگه اصلا سخته نیست!

Let's write

برای Writing چی بنویسیم؟ چه جوری بنویسیم؟ اینو به فیلمبوکت بسپار.

Language Melody

اگه عاشق این هستین که تلفظ زبان تون عالی بشه، تو این بخش، فیلم آموزشی رو با دقت ببینین و مثال‌ها رو با کتاب تکرار و تمرین کنین.

Listening

میدونین که هر چی بیشتر گوش بدین، بیشتر یاد می‌گیرین! پس این قسمت رو با دقت گوش کنین و تمریناتش رو انجام بدین.

Let's Speak

اگه میخواین با دوستاتون انگلیسی صحبت کنین، اینجا یه الگوی جذاب و خیلی باحال براتون گذاشتیم، کافیه چند بار ببینین و با هم به راحتی مکالمه کنین.

Special Exercises

حالا وقتشه بعد از این همه مطالب علمی و فیلم‌های آموزشی، تمرین‌های فیلمبوک رو انجام بدین تا مطالب درسی تو ذهنتون بیشتر موندگار بشه.

Glossary

اینجا هم کل لغات با تلفظ صحیحشون، مثال، مترادف، متضاد و کلی مطلب دیگه براتون گذاشتیم. یه منبع عالی لغت!

نمونه تست‌های کنکوری و نمونه سوالات امتحانی

حالا رسیدیم به جایی که باید نتیجه بگیریم!

کلی نمونه سوالات امتحانی و تست‌های کنکوری که شما رو برای امتحانات پایانی و موفقیت در کنکور آماده میکنه...

مطمئنیم با فیلمبوک بهتر یاد می‌گیرین!

Review Tests

Choose the best option.

- 1. Look at that beautiful sky! It most certainly today.**
a. isn't going to rain b. raining c. won't rain d. rains
- 2. Which fruit has smell, banana or pear?**
a. strongest b. a stronger c. strong d. as strong as
- 3. 1492, Christopher Columbus discovered America.**
a. In b. On c. At d. From
- 4. Thank you for your work on this holiday season. You all really worked**
a. hard - hard b. hardly - hard c. hard - hardly d. hardly - hardly
- 5. Grandma was looking at in the mirror while she her nose.**
a. her - is touching b. herself - touched
c. herself - was touching d. her - touched
- 6. Many critics believe that Charlie Chaplin is by far actor.**
a. a funnier b. the funniest c. funny d. a funny
- 7. I didn't feel very well yesterday. I eat anything.**
a. cannot b. couldn't c. mustn't d. may not
- 8. I caught mice, but one got away.**
a. this b. a c. some d. much
- 9. The I think, the I know.**
a. much - little b. more - less c. most - least d. more than - less than
- 10. Wait! I you to the station.**
a. will drive b. drove c. are going to drive d. am driving
- 11. He 10000\$ to cancer research last year.**
a. saved b. collected c. donated d. protected
- 12. In the cupboard, there are some tea cups used for special occasions.**
a. small beautiful Chinese white b. beautiful small Chinese white
c. beautiful small white Chinese d. Chinese beautiful white nice
- 13. He is going to buy that car**
a. last month b. two years ago c. two days later d. now
- 14. We there is a problem. We hope you can help**
a. are believing - us b. believe - ourselves
c. believe - us d. are believing - ourselves
- 15. I wasn't paying attention while I the letter, so I several mistakes.**
a. wrote - made b. wrote - were making
c. was writing - was making d. was writing - made
- 16. When the flowers are contrasted with natural ones, you can hardly tell the difference.**
a. normal b. artificial c. natural d. practical

17. I enjoyed the movie but I thought the ending was very
 a. possible b. weak c. domestic d. local
18. Nothing can be more important for us than to the environment's various problems.
 a. solve b. give up c. pass d. gain
19. Bita should make a/an between her family and her job.
 a. image b. choice c. trip d. plan
20. She worked on the garden until she had created her own little
 a. culture b. paradise c. science d. suggestion
21. Some people just don't realize how much their words can someone.
 a. believe b. hunt c. hurt d. hate
22. I wouldn't believe the kitten was alive I saw it move.
 a. while b. after c. as d. until
23. Millions of Muslim travel to Holy Mecca every year.
 a. scientists b. nations c. pilgrims d. translators
24. Allen was deeply when he remembered what he'd said.
 a. interesting b. active c. ashamed d. creative
25. Bob first got in motorcycles when he was about 16.
 a. powerful b. interested c. strange d. natural
26. With so many areas of woodland being cut down, a lot of wildlife is losing its natural
 a. plain b. habitat c. desert d. road
27. Iranians are famous as people in the world. They welcome tourists warmly.
 a. hospitable b. suitable c. successful d. historical
28. At election time the party needs a lot of helpers.
 a. artificial b. exact c. voluntary d. injured
29. I think the police didn't the man's story.
 a. gain b. find c. collect d. believe
30. They are doing to learn more about brain damage.
 a. experiments b. medicine c. inventions d. attention
31. We took four trains, and the overall duration of the was 72 hours.
 a. journey b. value c. creation d. research
32. You shouldn't drive for more than three hours taking a break.
 a. without b. instead of c. between d. in addition to
33. We may travel to Zanzibar, Hamedan or Ardebil for summer holidays. We are not sure about our yet.
 a. airplane b. destination c. activity d. experiment
34. She studied both and modern history of countries such as Egypt and Iran.
 a. attractive b. ancient c. amazing d. scientific

35. She will study at university. She likes to help sick people.
a. translation b. experiment c. history d. medicine
36. She never loses her in Allah.
a. success b. belief c. knowledge d. value
37. It's a/an that she had a serious accident and wasn't hurt.
a. creation b. danger c. example d. wonder
38. All around Egypt, there are a lot of full of sand and there happen a number of sand storms each year.
a. pyramids b. agents c. nations d. deserts
39. Sunglasses our eyes from the sun.
a. protect b. visit c. experiment d. succeed
40. Please put your homework books on the table as you leave.
a. really b. actually c. neatly d. fortunately
41. He 10000\$ to cancer research last year.
a. saved b. collected c. donated d. protected
42. The fire was destroying everything before the firefighters came to it
a. check - in b. put - out c. put - on d. check - out
43. Human knowledge with the scientists' hard work.
a. develops b. dies out c. gives up d. suggests
44. What is most among young boys and girls is going out with friends and eating at fast food restaurants.
a. popular b. ancient c. suitable d. domestic
45. I want to go on a trip for the following holiday, where do you
a. say b. suggest c. serve d. search
46. I my pocket money in the street yesterday.
a. destroyed b. increased c. paid d. lost
47. The plane will arrive at its one hour later than usual.
a. destination b. journey c. situation d. space
48. I can myself. I do not need anyone else to protect me.
a. take care of b. add to c. pay attention to d. be interested in
49. I don't understand a word of Spanish. Can you this letter for me?
a. solve b. translate c. save d. increase
50. You're very lucky to be after that accident.
a. endangered b. valuable c. energetic d. alive
51. She's studying modern Japanese language and
a. range b. choice c. gift d. culture
52. This is my native land and I'll it with my life!
a. carry b. collect c. defend d. plan

Cloze Test

Tourists bring a lot of money to the place they are (53) so they are good for a nation's economy. In England, for example, tourism provides jobs for more than two million people. Many countries help increase tourism by developing areas that will (54) visitors. There should be enough roads and public (55) systems (like buses and trains) in the area. Also, there must be enough hotels for the visitors to stay.

This development can, however, create some problems for the environment and local people. Some tourist sites are so (56) among travelers. But the visitors' actions may destroy an area of historical or natural importance. For this reason, we should all take more care of the popular tourist areas.

53. a. visiting b. watching c. observing d. hosting
54. a. defend b. respect c. prepare d. attract
55. a. destination b. transportation c. vacation d. suggestion
56. a. friendly b. popular c. familiar d. continuous

Reading Comprehension

If you wanted to save one thing for the future, what would you **pick**? For Dr. Cary Fowler, it's an easy choice. He would save seeds. Dr. Fowler is the scientist who helped create the Global Seed Vault in Norway. Dr. Fowler is trying to collect and save seeds from every food crop in the world.

Why would anyone save seeds? Well, Dr. Fowler believes the world must be prepared in case something terrible happens. Some disasters, whether **they** are natural or caused by people, could destroy crops around the world. People wouldn't have food, and they might not be able to grow it. Dr. Fowler believes we must protect seeds today so we can grow crops in the future.

Dr. Fowler has collected over 400,000 different types of seeds so far. He is asking countries around the world to send him more seeds and hopes to one day have over 1 million types of seeds.

57. What is the passage mostly about?

- a. a seed vault b. how people protect crops
c. a scientist named Dr. Cary Fowler d. how to best store seeds

58. The word "pick" in the first paragraph is closest in meaning to

- a. hold b. choose c. find d. cover

59. Dr. Fowler is collecting the seeds from all over the world

- a. just as an entertainment b. to sell them to other countries
c. as a unique collection d. to help the world in future

60. The underlined "they" in second paragraph refers to

- a. disasters b. people c. seeds d. crops

AR+

دیدن این ویدئو قبل از شروع



درس خیلی ضروریه ...

Understanding

People

Unit One



Interesting Facts:

- There are about 7000 languages in the world.
- Most Languages of the world have no written form.
- The Holy Quran is available in more than 100 languages.
- One language dies about every fourteen days.
- Deaf people use sign language to communicate.

میخواهی بهتر یادگیری...؟
اول لغتای مکالمه رو یاد بگیر. بعد هم فیلم
آموزش مکالمه رو با دقت تماشا کن.

Dialog

Word Bank

besides- mother tongue- experience- absolutely- fluently- to be honest- point

Babak Saberian is a translator who works for IRIB.¹ Today, he is hosting Meysam in his office. Meysam is a high school student. He is interviewing Mr. Saberian for his school project.

Meysam: Thank you Mr. Saberian for inviting me to your office.

Mr. Saberian: You're welcome!

Meysam: I heard you know three languages. Is that right?

Mr. Saberian: Well, actually four languages.

Meysam: Four! Really?! What languages do you know?

Mr. Saberian: Besides my mother tongue, Persian, I know English, French and Russian well.

Meysam: Interesting! And when did you learn them?

Mr. Saberian: I began learning English at school when I was thirteen. Then I began learning French in a language institute when I was fifteen. And I learned Russian when I was a university student in Moscow.

Meysam: Can you use all of them fluently?

Mr. Saberian: I know all of them well, but I use English more.

Meysam: OK. Do you think language learning should start as early as possible?

Mr. Saberian: My experience says interest and hard work are really more important than age.

Meysam: Hmm... that's an important point. May I know what your favorite language is? English, French, or Russian?

Mr. Saberian: To be honest, I enjoy using them all, but my favorite language is absolutely my mother tongue!



1. Islamic Republic of Iran Broadcasting

A

True/False

1. Mr. Saberian knows four foreign languages.
2. He learned Russian in a language institute.
3. His favorite language is Persian.

B

Match the two parts. One is extra in the second part.

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 1. Mr. Saberian believes that | a. in Russia. |
| 2. After learning English, | b. interest is more important than age. |
| 3. He went to university | c. to learn French. |
| | d. he began learning French. |

C

Answer the questions orally.

1. Where does Mr. Saberian work?
2. Where did he learn English, French and Russian?
3. What do you believe is the best way to learn a second language?

New Words and Expressions

<p>1. ability /ə'bilɪti/ <i>n.</i> the physical or mental power or skill to do something: <i>a. She lost her ability to walk after a car accident.</i> <i>b. His ability to write with her foot is amazing.</i></p>	<p>2. absolutely /æbsə'lu:tli/ <i>adv.</i> used to emphasize something: <i>a. It's absolutely the best museum in Iran.</i> <i>b. I can never make up stories - I have absolutely no imagination.</i></p>
<p>3. besides /br'saɪdɪz/ <i>adv, prep.</i> in addition (to): <i>a. People choose jobs for other reasons besides money.</i> <i>b. The house was too expensive. Besides, I didn't really need such a big house.</i></p>	<p>4. by means of /baɪ mi:nz əv/ with the help of; by using: <i>a. We express our thoughts by means of languages.</i> <i>b. We have learned a lot about the microbes by means of a microscope.</i></p>
<p>5. century /'sentʃəri/ <i>n.</i> a period of 100 years: <i>a. The church was built in the 13th century.</i> <i>b. Einstein was one of the greatest thinkers of the 20th century.</i></p>	<p>6. continent /'kɒntɪnənt/ <i>n.</i> one of the seven large areas of land on Earth: <i>a. He traveled to some continents when he was still young.</i> <i>b. Asia is the largest continent in the world.</i></p> 
<p>7. despite /dɪ'spaɪt/ <i>prep.</i> without taking any notice of: <i>a. He was able to go to work, despite the illness.</i> <i>b. Despite the bad weather, we enjoyed ourselves.</i></p>	<p>8. exist /ɪg'zɪst/ <i>v.</i> to be real or alive: <i>a. Do you think ghosts really exist?</i> <i>b. Few of these monkeys still exist in the wild.</i></p>
<p>9. experience /ɪk'spɪəriəns/ <i>n.</i> knowledge or skill that you gain from doing a job or activity: <i>a. She is a teacher with 5 years of experience.</i> <i>b. Moving to a new house is a very stressful experience.</i></p>	<p>10. fluently /'flu:əntli/ <i>adv.</i> If you speak a language or read fluently, you speak or read easily, well, and quickly: <i>a. She speaks six languages fluently.</i> <i>b. My brother can recite the Holy Quran fluently and correctly.</i></p>
<p>11. imagine /ɪ'mædʒɪn/ <i>v.</i> to form a picture or idea in your mind: <i>a. Imagine life without hot water!</i> <i>b. Can you imagine walking on the clouds?</i></p>	<p>12. (language) institute /'læŋgwɪdʒ ɪnstətju:t/ <i>n.</i> a school where one studies a foreign language: <i>a. How many language institutes are there in your city?</i> <i>b. They're going to start a course in English at that institute.</i></p>
<p>13. make up /'meɪk ʌp/ <i>v.</i> to form a particular thing, amount or number as a whole: <i>a. Women officers make up 13 percent of the police force.</i> <i>b. Women make up around 50 percent of all workers in this company.</i></p>	<p>14. meet the needs (of) /mi:t ðə ni:dz əv/ to provide what is needed; to satisfy a need: <i>a. They built this hospital to meet the needs of old people.</i> <i>b. Conversation classes are popular because they meet a real need.</i></p>

15. mother tongue /ˌmʌðər 'tʌŋ/ *n.*

the first language that you learnt when you were a child:

- a. More than 80 percent of the population had English as their *mother tongue*.
- b. My sister has translated some famous stories into our *mother tongue*.

17. percent /pə(r)'sent/ *n, adv, adj.*

for or out of every 100, shown by the symbol %:

- a. Sixty *percent* (60%) of the students are boys.
- b. I agree with you a hundred *percent*.

**16. native** /'neɪtv/ *adj.*

relating to the place where you were born:

- a. Her *native* language is Spanish.
- b. Our teacher speaks Italian like a *native* speaker.

18. point /pɔɪnt/ *n.*

a single fact, idea, or opinion that is part of a discussion:

- a. That's a very interesting and good *point*.
- b. I asked Ms. Moshiri to explain the grammar *point* again.

19. popular /'pɒpjələ(r)/ *adj.*

liked by a lot of people:

- a. Coffee is probably the most *popular* drink in the world.
- b. He is a very *popular* writer but I don't like his style.

20. range /reɪndʒ/ *v.*

to include a variety of different things or people:

- a. Prices *range* from around £5 to £7.50.
- b. Average temperatures in July *range* from 15 to 25 degrees.

21. region /'ri:dʒən/ *n.*

a large area of a country or of the world:

- a. He lives in the northeast *region* of the country.
- b. The beauty of this *region* attracts visitors from many countries around the world.

**22. society** /sə'saɪəti/ *n.*

a large group of people who live together:

- a. We are proud of living in an Islamic *society*.
- b. Teachers play an important role in our *society*.

23. to be honest /tə bi: 'ɒnɪst/

used when you tell someone what you really think:

- a. *To be honest*, it was one of the worst books I've ever read.
- b. *To be honest* with you, I don't remember what he said.

24. vary /'veəri/ *v.*

to be different from each other:

- a. Vegetables *vary* in quality according to the season.
- b. Office hours *vary* from company to company and country to country.

Reading Skills



AR+

یادگیری مهارت های زبانی با
فیلم جذاب آموزشی. بیا تو ...



Scanning

اهمیت مهارت Reading در زبان انگلیسی به اندازه ی مهارت های دیگر از جمله Speaking , Listening و Writing می باشد که تقویت آن تأثیر مستقیمی بر دیگر مهارت ها دارد. یقیناً شما روش خاص خود را برای خواندن مطالب مختلف دارید، ولی بنا داریم شما را با روش هایی آشنا کنیم که می توانند مهارت خواندن شما را تقویت کنند. از جمله ی این مهارت ها، مهارت خواندن برای درک اطلاعات جزئی (Scanning) است. این مهارت عبارت است از خواندن یک متن یا یک بند برای یافتن اطلاعات خاص. با استفاده از این مهارت لازم نیست که یک بند و یا یک متن به طور کامل خوانده شود، بلکه صرفاً آن قسمت از متن که سؤال یا سؤالاتی از آن طرّاحی شده است با دقت خوانده می شود. بهره گیری از این مهارت باعث صرفه جویی در زمان و انرژی شما می شود و استفاده از آن به ویژه برای دانش آموزانی که با کمبود وقت در جلسه آزمون مواجه می شوند ضروری می باشد. در استفاده از این مهارت توجه به اسامی خاص از قبیل اسامی افراد، شهرها، اعداد و ارقام، آمار، تاریخ و مرجع ضمیر از اهمیت شایانی برخوردار می باشد.

شیوه ی پاسخگویی به سؤالات با استفاده از مهارت Scanning:

در استفاده از این مهارت ابتدا سؤالات را می خوانیم. چنانچه کلمات کلیدی (Key words) از قبیل اسامی افراد، شهرها، اعداد و ارقام، آمار، تاریخ و مرجع ضمیر در خود سؤال نیز به کار رفته باشند، خیلی سریع متن را مرور می کنیم و قسمت هایی از متن را که این کلمات در آن به کار رفته اند مشخص می کنیم. سپس کفایت که یک جمله قبل و یا یک جمله پس از این کلمات را به دقت بخوانیم تا بتوانیم به سؤال مربوطه با صرف کمترین انرژی و زمان ممکن پاسخ دهیم.



Get Scanning!

متن زیر را بخوانید و به تمرین داده شده با استفاده از مهارت Scanning پاسخ دهید.

Sign Language

Many different languages have existed for centuries. We see a large language map which has many language families. But what about a large part of the world's population that doesn't have the ability to hear?

Today, there are about 360 million people with hearing problems which makes up over 5% of the world's population. About 70 million deaf people use sign language as their first language or mother tongue. They use sign language to meet their needs.

Sign language varies from country to country. For example, American Sign Language (invented in 1817) differs from British Sign Language. Besides, each sign language has its own grammar. You might want to imagine how deaf people use grammar. For example, when a person is asking questions about who, where, what, why and when, the eyebrows go down. If the questions are about yes/no situations, the eyebrows go up.

Generally, there are more than two hundred sign languages in use around the world, ranging from American Sign Language (ASL) to fingerspelling and more. As an example, in ASL the sign for "I love mom" mixes the signs for the letters I, L, and M.

In 1620, Juan Pablo de Bonnet, the Spanish priest, published the first book that taught sign language to the deaf. He tried to show that people with hearing problems absolutely have the same rights as ordinary people to understand others, share their experience, and be in society. Sign languages help them to learn and enjoy success as everyone else.

Match the figures with the information they refer to. One is extra in column B.

A	B
1. 70 million <input type="radio"/>	a. when ASL was invented
2. 1817 <input type="radio"/>	b. number of people with hearing problems
3. 200 <input type="radio"/>	c. number of deaf people using sign language
4. 1620 <input type="radio"/>	d. number of sign languages in the world
	e. when the first book about sign language was published

Let's Read



متن رو کلی جذابش
کردیم، خودت ببین

AR+

DISCUSS

Before You Read:

1. How many languages are there in your country?
2. What language(s) do the neighboring countries of Iran speak?
3. Do you think that disappearing languages should be protected? Why/Why not?
4. If you could learn one language in 3 days, which language would you choose and why?
5. What do you like most about your mother tongue?



Languages of the World

Language is a system of communication. It uses written and spoken forms. People use language to communicate with each other in a society. They exchange knowledge, beliefs, wishes, and feelings through it.



1. A language has two different forms: and

2. The underlined "it" in the last line refers to

- a. knowledge b. society c. language d. feeling

Languages vary greatly from region to region. They are so different that a person may not understand the language of someone from another region, country or continent. It is not surprising to hear that today about 7000 languages exist in the world. There are more than 2000 languages in Africa, 1000 in the Americas, more than 2250 in Asia, about 230 in Europe, and more than 1300 in Oceania.



1. The word "vary" in the first line means 'to be' .

- a. alike b. the same c. real d. different

2. There are more languages in Africa than those in Asia.

True False

3. Scan the paragraph and write the suitable numbers.

- A. The continent with the least languages:
- B. The continent with the most languages:
- C. The whole number of languages in the world: