

Part 1 Vocabulary | Conversation | Reading

1 Vocabulary

A Write the missing letters. Then write the words under the pictures.

domestic*animals	wild animals	sea animals	land animals	endangered animals
go _ t	giraf _ e	dol _ hin	ra _ bit	Asian eleph _ nt
du _ k	le _ pard	w _ ale	be _ r	Iranian che _ tah
chi _ ken	w _ lf	sha _ k	cam _ l	p _ nda



1



2



3



4



5



6



7



8



9



10



11



12



13



14



15

B Circle the odd word out.

- | | | | |
|--------------|----------|----------|------------|
| 1 a zebra | b wolf | c shark | d tiger |
| 2 a fox | b sheep | c monkey | d gazelle |
| 3 a duck | b cow | c horse | d eagle |
| 4 a museum | b desert | c plain | d mountain |
| 5 a cut down | b hunt | c hurt | d protect |

C Match the words with their definitions. There is one extra definition on the right.

- | | |
|----------------------|---|
| 1 put out (.....) | a in place of someone or something else |
| 2 wildlife (.....) | b to keep someone or something safe |
| 3 endangered (.....) | c in danger of dying out |
| 4 protect (.....) | d to want something to happen or be true |
| 5 hope (.....) | e plants and animals that live or grow in nature, not with people |
| | f to stop something from burning |

D Match the underlined word with their antonyms or synonyms. There is one extra word on the right.

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| 1 The fire <u>destroyed</u> the building last year. (.....) | a man-made |
| 2 You should eat <u>natural</u> food such as eggs and milk. (.....) | b built |
| 3 Helen called to say she's going to be <u>a few</u> minutes late. (.....) | c interesting |
| 4 <u>Nowadays</u> , more and more people want to live in villages. (.....) | d increased |
| 5 The film was so <u>boring</u> that I turned off the TV and went to bed. (.....) | e some |
| | f today |

E Fill in the blanks with the given words. There is one extra word.

injured - protect - hope - plan - instead - anymore - hunters - natural - attention

- 1 I was going to write you an e-mail, but I decided to call
- 2 Doctors worked hard to save the life of the man.
- 3 Let's go out now. It isn't raining
- 4 My is to sell the house and buy an apartment.
- 5 He likes telling jokes and being the center of at parties.
- 6 When they started their life together, they were young and full of for the future.
- 7 Exercise and eating healthy food can you against many diseases.
- 8 The lost the injured tiger in the jungle.

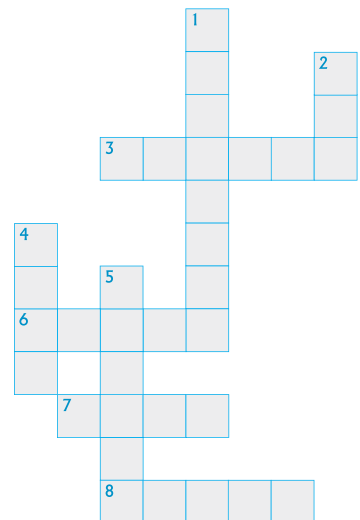
F Fill in the crossword puzzle with the correct words.

Down

- 1 I think that they will soon the price from \$80 to \$95.
- 2 Please don't forget to out the fire before you go home.
- 4 Do not cut the tree that gives you fruit.
- 5 All the plants, animals and things in the world that are not made by people is called

Across

- 3 The hunters still hunt bears and foxes in this
- 6 A(n) is a very big animal that lives in the sea and looks like a very big fish.
- 7 The word '.....' means 'to try to kill an animal to eat it or for sport'.
- 8 The planet that we live on is called



G Fill in the blanks with your own words.

- 1 I think beings are different from animals in that they can think and speak.
- 2 No thing on earth could live without air and water.
- 3 If you're busy, I'll ask someone to help me.
- 4 Pay to what she's saying because she won't teach it a second time.
- 5 The forest is a home to many different kinds of plants and animals.

2 Conversation

Complete the conversation between a mother and her daughter using the given words.

care - endangered - stop - save - hunt - animals - destroy

Jane: Mummy, what are you watching?

Mother: I'm watching a film about animals.

Jane: What are they talking about?

Mother: They are talking about ① that are endangered.

Jane: What are ② animals?

Mother: Animals that may soon not exist because there are very few now alive.

Jane: Mummy, why do some animals become endangered?

Mother: Because hunters ③ them and people ④ the places where they live.

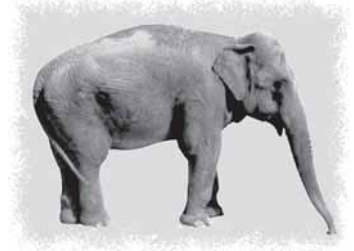
Jane: Mummy, there are lots of endangered animals. What should we do to help them?

Mother: We should help ⑤ the forest because it is their natural home.

We should also ⑥ people from hunting the animals.

Jane: Now I know the ways to protect the animals.

Mother: So let's take ⑦ of the animals on the earth together.



3 Reading

A Cloze Test

Read the following passage and then choose the correct answer.

The giant panda lives only in a small part of China, a country in Asia. It is a(n) ① species. There are not many giant pandas living in the forest. There are only about 1,600 wild giant pandas in the world. Giant pandas are ② of the bear family. You might see pandas in a zoo. They are white with black legs. Their ears are black, too. Giant pandas ③ about ninety kilograms. Pandas eat a(n) ④



called bamboo. If they are very hungry and they can't find bamboo anywhere to eat, giant pandas may eat grass, fruits, or sometimes, small ⑤ like birds and fish. They spend about twelve hours each day eating. If we don't take care of them, they will die out in the future.

- | | | | |
|-------------|------------|-----------|--------------|
| ① 1 extinct | ② recent | ③ safe | ④ endangered |
| ② 1 danger | ② future | ③ members | ④ hunters |
| ③ 1 weigh | ② increase | ③ kill | ④ protect |
| ④ 1 animal | ② plant | ③ forest | ④ plain |
| ⑤ 1 trees | ② rabbits | ③ plants | ④ animals |

B Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage and then answer the questions.

Elephants are very large. They are the largest animals on earth that live on land. There are two kinds of elephants, the African elephant and the Asian elephant. Both are endangered. An elephant's nose is called a trunk. A trunk is very strong. It is so strong that it can carry big things. An elephant brings food to its mouth with its trunk. African elephants have very large ears. Some people think their ears look like the map of Africa. The ears of the Asian elephant are much smaller than those of African elephants and look a bit like the shape of India. An elephant has two tusks. Tusks are teeth. People hunt them for their tusks.



There are around five hundred thousand African elephants in the forest. But only twenty-five years ago, there were more than one million. That means in twenty-five years, half the elephants that lived, have died.



Asian elephants are even more endangered than African elephants. There are less than 50,000 alive because hunters kill them and people destroy the forests where they live. The number of elephants will increase in the future if people take more care of them and protect their natural homes.

Choose the correct answer.

- 1 Which one is TRUE about the African elephants?
 - a Half of 500,000 were living 25 years ago.
 - b About more than 500,000 are living in the forests at the moment.
 - c There are exactly less than half million still living in the forest.
 - d Half of them have died in twenty-five years.
- 2 According to the passage, which one is NOT true?
 - a An elephant's tooth is called a tusk.
 - b Asian elephants have larger ears than African ones.
 - c An elephant uses its tusk for bringing food to its mouth.
 - d The ears of the African elephant are like the map of Africa.

True or False?

- 3 The Asian elephant is the only endangered elephant. A True B False
- 4 The number of Asian elephants is increasing. A True B False

Answer the following questions.

- 5 How can people help elephants to live longer?

.....

- 6 Why do people kill elephants?

.....

Part 2 Grammar

Which Future? "will" or "be going to"

شکل ساده فعل + will / be going to

+	I will cook.	He will cook.	They will cook.	tomorrow next week
	I'll cook.	He'll cook.	They'll cook.	
-	I will not cook.	He will not cook.	They will not cook.	soon
	I'll not cook.	He'll not cook.	They'll not cook.	on Sunday
	I won't cook.	He won't cook.	They won't cook.	later
?	Will I cook?	Will he cook?	Will they cook?	tonight
	Who will cook?	Where will he cook?	What will they do?	in the future

+	I am going to cook.	He is going to cook.	They are going to cook.	tomorrow next week
	I'm going to cook.	He's going to cook.	They're going to cook.	
-	I am not going to cook.	He is not going to cook.	They are not going to cook.	soon
	I'm not going to cook.	He's not going to cook.	They're not going to cook.	on Sunday
		He isn't going to cook.	They aren't going to cook.	later
?	Am I going to cook?	Is he going to cook?	Are they going to cook?	tonight
	Who is going to cook?	When is he going to cook?	What are they going to do?	in the future

will : در لحظه گفت‌وگو تصمیم می‌گیریم کاری را انجام دهیم. (تصمیم آنی)	be going to : قبل از لحظه گفت‌وگو تصمیم گرفته‌ایم که کاری را انجام دهیم.
"Tom is in hospital." "Oh, really? I didn't know. I'll visit him tonight."	"Tom is in hospital." "Yes, I know. I'm going to visit him tonight."
برای بیان پیش‌بینی آن‌چه براساس نظر و ایده شخصی مان فکر می‌کنیم اتفاق می‌افتد، معمولاً بعد از I think از will استفاده می‌کنیم.	برای بیان پیش‌بینی براساس شواهد و وضعیت موجود در زمان حال از be going to استفاده می‌کنیم.
I think Tom will pass the test. I don't think I'll go out tonight. I'm too tired.	Look at the black clouds! I think it's going to rain. I don't feel well. I think I'm going to be sick.

• «Will» برای قول دادن (جمله‌های ۱ و ۲)، تعارف کردن (جمله‌های ۳ و ۴) و در جمله شرطی نوع اول (شرطی ممکن) (جمله‌های ۵ و ۶) نیز به کار می‌رود:

1. Don't worry. I **won't tell** anyone.
2. I'll **help** you with your homework tomorrow.
3. That bag looks very heavy. I **will help** you.
4. I'll **look after** the children for you if you like.
5. If Tina studies hard, she will pass her exams.
simple present simple future
6. If Tina doesn't study hard, she won't pass her exams.

A Choose the best answer.

- 1 Alice: There's no milk. John: I know. I some from the shop.
 1 will get 2 am going to get 3 get 4 got
- 2 Will Helen her classmates to her birthday party next week?
 1 invites 2 invite 3 to invite 4 invited
- 3 Mary: Are you and Mark going to buy that old house? Tina: Yes,
 1 we are 2 I am 3 I do 4 we will
- 4 I'm going to bake a cake for my daughter's birthday
 1 last Sunday 2 on Sundays 3 at the moment 4 on Sunday
- 5 I'm a little hungry. I think I something to eat.
 1 will buy 2 am going to buy 3 buy 4 am buying
- 6 My friend a letter to his grandfather last Sunday.
 1 will write 2 wrote 3 is going to write 4 writes
- 7 A: I want a cup of coffee, but I don't have any money. B: I you some money.
 1 'm going to give 2 gave 3 'll give 4 give
- 8 Laura: Did you buy this book? David: No, Emma did. She is going it on holiday.
 1 reads 2 will read 3 read 4 to read

B Write the correct form of the verbs.

- 1 Alice: There's no milk. John: Really? I some from the shop then. (buy)
- 2 My little sister an interesting book at the moment. (read)
- 3 My father fifty years old tomorrow. (be)
- 4 If you don't eat so much, you fat. (get)
- 5 A: Why do you need my bag? B: I my mother in Scotland next month. (visit)

C Fill in the blanks with your own words.

- 1 people live longer in the future? No, they won't.
- 2 Helen: Would you like tea or coffee? Jack: Oh, I have coffee, please.
- 3 Sally: I'm just going out to get a paper. Jane: What newspaper are you buy?
- 4 Peter and Ann's children play football in the yard on Saturdays.
- 5 A: What are your plans after you leave university?
 B: I work in a hospital in Africa. I leave on the 28th.

D Find the mistakes in the following sentences and correct them.

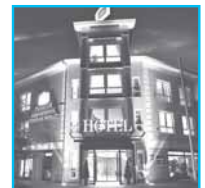
- 1 Betty: I'm really hungry. I don't have any lunch. Janet: I'm going to make you a sandwich.
- 2 My aunt won't send me an email every week.
- 3 She is not going to has breakfast this morning. She's not hungry.
- 4 If she doesn't hurry, she is late.

E Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

- 1 your / tomorrow / do / older / is / going / sister / to / what / evening / ?
.....
- 2 we / have / shopping / will / if / we / some / money / go / , / .
.....
- 3 are / next / going / you / watch / evening / a / to / film / Friday / ?
.....
- 4 she / you / I / that / am / some / will / sure / give / money / .
.....

F Look at the pictures and then answer the questions.

- 1 What is your little brother going to do?
.....
- 2 What will your mother water tomorrow morning?
.....
- 3 How are your parents going to travel to France next Thursday?
.....
- 4 Will you stay at your uncle's house in Mashhad?
.....



G Make suitable questions for the following answers.

- 1 ?
My uncle is going to work in a hospital this year.
- 2 ?
My father will book a hotel online tonight.
- 3 ?
My friends are going to travel all over the world.
- 4 ?
My cousin spent hours surfing the Internet last night.

Part 3 Writing | Pronunciation | Listening

1 Writing

Nouns

اسم برای نامیدن یک شخص، حیوان، مکان، شیء یا ایده به کار می‌رود.

person	animal	place	thing	idea
boy, soldier, Helen	bird, tiger, whale	forest, sea, school	snow, plane, apple	danger, pain, hope

اسم خاص نام شخص، مکان یا چیز خاصی است. اول اسم خاص همیشه با حرف بزرگ نوشته می‌شود.

Common Nouns	girl	country	city	language	planet	mountain	poet	month	day
Proper Nouns	Helen	France	Tehran	Chinese	Jupiter	Damavand	Hafez	April	Monday

Singular and Plural

		regular			irregular	
برای جمع بستن اکثر اسم‌ها به آخرشان (S) اضافه می‌کنیم.	s / z / x	y + ies	o + s	fe → ves	different	the same
	+ es	y + s	o + s / es	f → ves		
cup - cups	box - boxes	baby - babies	radio - radios	life - lives	child - children	fish - fish
apple - apples	watch - watches	family - families	video - videos	wife - wives	woman - women	sheep - sheep
tree - trees	dish - dishes	city - cities	zoo - zoos	leaf - leaves	mouse - mice	deer - deer
river - rivers	bus - buses	key - keys	tomato - tomatoes	half - halves	foot - feet	species - species
ship - ships	quiz - quizzes	day - days	photo - photos	belief - beliefs	tooth - teeth	
garden - gardens	glass - glasses	monkey - monkeys	kilo - kilos	roof - roofs	person - people	

اسم بعد از موارد زیر می‌آید:

a / an / the	a computer - an orange - the buildings - the kitchen
this / that / these / those	that animal - those animals - this fox - these foxes
some / many / much / a few / a little / a lot of	some letters - many questions - a few trees - all eggs - both hands
any / no / most / each / every / both / all	every student - each person - a lot of bread - a little money
my / your / his / her / our / their / its / Ali's	my friends - his camera - our house - John's brothers
adjective (large / beautiful / cheap / happy ...)	foreign languages - new clothes - an interesting idea
preposition (on / of / from / in / by / with / at ...)	a cup of coffee - with milk - at night - by train - on Sundays
number (one / two / three / four ...)	five people - twenty wolves - twelve women - six countries

بعد از (one / an / a)، ضمایر اشاره مفرد (this / that) و قبل از فعل مفرد (has / was / is / washes / wants) اسم مفرد می‌آید.

بعد از اعداد بیش از یک (ten / two)، ضمایر اشاره جمع (these / those)، (most / both / all / a few / a lot of / some / many ...).

و قبل از فعل جمع (have / were / are / wash / want) اسم جمع می‌آید.

My friend lives in London. My friends live in London.

اسامی غیرقابل شمارش همیشه به شکل مفرد هستند و شکل جمع ندارند.

much money - some tea - a lot of water - lots of bread - no sugar - a little rice - enough cheese - any milk

A Circle the odd word out.

- 1 1 firefighter 2 daughter 3 university 4 Mr. Richard Clay
- 2 1 human 2 fever 3 safe 4 attention
- 3 1 eagle 2 whale 3 forest 4 leopard
- 4 1 hospital 2 mountain 3 nurse 4 the Mississippi River
- 5 1 newspaper 2 plaster 3 painter 4 pencil sharpener

B Write the plural or singular forms of the following nouns.

Singular	computer		sandwich		potato			library
Plural		sheep		skies		knives	feet	

Singular		idea		toothbrush		holiday		piano
Plural	thief		policemen		scarves		heroes	

C Change the following sentences from singular to plural.

- 1 A library is a very useful building.
.....
- 2 The hunter doesn't want to hunt the bird.
.....
- 3 The child is playing with his toy in his room.
.....
- 4 This is an old church. There is a bird on the roof of the church.
.....

D Write the correct form of the nouns in parentheses.

- 1 These (person) are helping the (animal) and their babies.
- 2 Muslims kill some (sheep) in a religious (celebration).
- 3 I clean my (tooth) three (time) a (day).
- 4 Most (housewife) work more than ten (hour) a day at home.
- 5 My sister put a few (knife) on those (shelf) last night.

E Underline the common nouns and circle the proper nouns in the sentences below. Capitalize if needed.

- 1 jennifer and her brother are going to travel to germany by plane next month.
- 2 harry went to the park with his friend mark and his dog bart last wednesday.
- 3 north america and asia are continents.
- 4 paris is one of the most beautiful cities in europe.
- 5 my birthday is in february not in march.

F Unscramble the given words.

- 1 I decided to go to America (nedtasi) of going to Europe.
- 2 Tom hopes to meet Mary again in the near (etuurf).
- 3 I saw him standing (nogma) a group of students this morning.
- 4 Paris is always full of tourists, (lceiesapyl) in the summer.
- 5 Many species of animals are in (rgeand) of dying out.

2 Pronunciation

Put ↘ for the falling intonation in the following conversation. Then check out your answers by listening to the conversation.

- Laura:** What are you going to do this weekend, Tanya?
- Tanya:** I am going to see a new movie tomorrow at the cinema.
- Laura:** Have you got the tickets yet?
- Tanya:** No, I am going to get them this afternoon, actually. Would you like to come?
- Laura:** Oh, thank you, that would be nice.
- Tanya:** OK, I will get you a ticket too.
- Laura:** Great! What time will it start?
- Tanya:** Eight o'clock, but we are all going to meet in the Green Restaurant at 7:15.
- Laura:** OK, I will meet you in the restaurant, but, I will be there around 7:30.
- Tanya:** That's fine.
- Laura:** Good, and I will book a table for us.
- Tanya:** Great! I will meet you there.

3 Listening

Listening 1

Listen to the dialogue between two people and then fill in the blanks.

- 1 Not much, Helen. How are you doing? Today is Friday, planned for later?
- 2 No, her birthday is Sunday, but we tonight. Would you like to come?

Now listen again and answer the following questions.

- 3 Where will they go tonight?
-

- 4 How will Susan go to the birthday party?
-

Choose the correct answer.

- 5 Richard will go to the party in car.
 1 Anne's 2 Helen's 3 Susan's
- 6 Susan is neighbor.
 1 Anne's 2 Helen's 3 Richard's

True or False?

- 7 They are going to celebrate Anne's birthday on Sunday. A True B False
- 8 Richard is going to take a taxi to Anne's house. A True B False

Listening 2

Listen to the dialogue between two friends and then fill in the blanks.

- 1 "Are you a bus there?" "No, I'm going in my car."
- 2 Great! I'd like to go into the center of town too. I with you.

Now listen again and answer the questions.

- 3 Where will they go tomorrow?

- 4 What is Mike going to do tomorrow?

Choose the correct answer.

- 5 Mike is going to buy a tomorrow.
 1 sweater 2 shirt 3 T-shirt
- 6 Sarah will go to the center of town
 1 by bus 2 by taxi 3 in Mike's car

True or False?

- 7 Mike is going into the center of town with his father. A True B False
- 8 Sarah will go into the center of town by herself. A True B False

Listening 3

Listen to the dialogue between two people at the zoo and then fill in the blanks.

- 1 Can we see the monkeys first? They are my at the zoo.
- 2 Oh look! That monkey the tree.

